City Attorney Tearman Spencer City Hall 200 E. Wells Street, Room 800 Milwaukee, WI 53202

Dear City Attorney Spencer,

In the wake of the killings of George Floyd, Joel Acevedo, and Breonna Taylor by police, people have come together to express their pain and outrage and advocate for racial justice and police reform. These protests have been mostly conducted peacefully, a practice fully protected by the First Amendment.

Unfortunately, law enforcement has issued hundreds of tickets to these demonstrators, many for curfew or unlawful assembly violations alone. Such citations penalize what would otherwise be perfectly lawful activity, absent the imposition of constitutionally questionable curfew or dispersal orders. See Washington Mobilization Committee v. Cullinane, 566 F.2d 107 (D.C. Cir. 1977) (even when there is unlawful activity by some participants in demonstration, the police may not act against the assembly as a whole, unless it is "substantially infected with violence or obstruction."); Barham v. Ramsey, 434 F.3d 565, 573 (D.C. Cir. 2006) (finding mass arrests invalid where there were only isolated acts of violence and vandalism). Other tickets have been for disorderly conduct, resisting arrest and other minor offenses, and many seemed to be given in retaliation for protected activity, such as recording police actions. While we do not have systematic data on all of the individuals who have received tickets, anecdotally it appears that they may be disproportionately young Black men, further exacerbating the disparities we see throughout our criminal legal system.

We ask that you dismiss all municipal citations related to these demonstrations, as many other jurisdictions have decided to do. In New York, for example, the District Attorneys in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx announced they would not prosecute people arrested for and accused of low-level offenses, such as disorderly conduct and unlawful assembly.<sup>1</sup>

As I am sure you know, even municipal citations have negative consequences for employment, housing, and other aspects of life. Particularly for people with limited financial means, unpaid fines and fees can result in jail time, lost driving privileges, unmanageable debt burdens and burdensome collection procedures. The \$691 fine for curfew tickets represents a substantial amount of money for people with no or limited discretionary income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.nytimes.com/2020/06/05/nyregion/nyc-protests-george-floyd.html

While various organizations are working to ensure that people who receive citations will be represented in municipal court, the best course would be to simply dismiss these tickets before initial appearances, potential motion practice and trials unnecessarily clog the municipal court's docket.

Local leadership is essential for the safety of our communities and the vitality of our democracy. You can change the course of this moment and our history by breaking with harmful tactics of the past and demonstrating a new kind of leadership for the future. We feel that under your new leadership, the City Attorney's Office can step up and ensure the equitable administration of justice for all the residents of Milwaukee.

Please advise us whether your office will dismiss citations related to the protests of the past two weeks. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

- 1. Larry Dupuis, ACLU of Wisconsin
- 2. Molly Collins, ACLU of Wisconsin
- 3. Aneeq Ahmad, Ahmad & Associates
- 4. Mindy M. Nolan, Ahmad & Associates
- 5. John A. Birdsall, Birdsall Obear & Associates
- 6. Nicole A. Muller, Birdsall Obear & Associates
- 7. Kirk B. Obear, Birdsall Obear & Associates
- 8. Nate Cade, Cade Law
- 9. Carlos Pastrana. Cade Law
- 10. Michelle L. Velasquez, Civitas Law Group, Inc.
- 11. William F. Sulton, Gingras Thomsen & Wachs LLP
- 12. Peter Goldberg
- 13. Jason D. Luczak, GRGB Law
- 14. Robert J. Dvorak, Halling & Cayo, S.C.
- 15. Richard Saks, Hawks Quindel
- 16. Arthur Heitzer, Law Office of Arthur Heitzer
- 17. Brenda Lewison, Law Office of Arthur Heitzer
- 18. Larraine McNamara-McGraw, Horizons Law Group, LLC
- 19. Anthony Cotton, Kuchler & Cotton
- 20. Nicholas M. Weege, Lagmann, Inc.
- 21. Colleen Foley, Legal Aid Society of Milwaukee, Inc.
- 22. Gabriela Leija
- 23. Erika Petty, LOTUS Legal Clinic
- 24. Chad Lanning, Lubar & Lanning, Immediate Past President of the Wisconsin Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers
- 25. Rebecca Coffee, Mastantuono & Coffee SC
- 26. Craig Mastantuono, Mastantuono & Coffee SC
- 27. Leah Thomas, Mastantuono & Coffee SC
- 28. Milwaukee Turners Confronting Mass Incarceration committee

- 29. NAACP Milwaukee Branch
- 30. National Lawyers Guild, Milwaukee chapter
- 31. Elizabeth Gamsky Rich, Rich Law SC
- 32. Allison Ritter, Ritter Law Office, LLP
- 33. Justin L. Singleton, The Singleton Law Firm
- 34. Chelsea M Payant, Sommer, Olk & Payant, SC
- 35. Lillian Cheesman, Summit Law Office, LLC
- 36. Craig R. Johnson, Sweet & Associates
- 37. Claudia Verba
- 38. Aaron Nelson, Wisconsin Association of Criminal Defense Lawyers
- 39. Gretchen Schuldt, Wisconsin Justice Initiative