## ADVOCATES REQUEST WISCONSIN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TO ADDRESS ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE IMPACTS OF POWER PLANTS

For Immediate Release: August 11, 2010

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In comments filed on Monday, the American Civil Liberties Union of Wisconsin Foundation(ACLU-WIF), the Black Health Coalition of Wisconsin (BHCW), and Midwest Environmental Advocates (MEA) requested that the Wisconsin Public Service Commission address the disproportionate adverse impacts of electric generating facilities on minority and low-income communities in Milwaukee. They seek to ensure that the PSC address these environmental justice issues in deciding whether to retire, mothball, or upgrade existing electric generating units.

"Environmental justice issues are raised most clearly by WE Energies' Valley generating plant on Canal Street, in the City of Milwaukee. This plant is the utility's oldest power plant that lacks modern air emission controls," noted Dennis Grzezinski, MEA Senior Counsel. "It is located in the heart of the State's largest majority-minority city, between the state's largest concentration of African-American residents to the north and its largest concentration of Hispanic and Asian residents to the south. While many other old coal-fired power plants in the state are shutting down or being upgraded, the Valley plant has avoided installation of pollution controls."

Dr. Patricia McManus, President and CEO of BHCW, emphasized that "The adverse health impacts of air pollution, of which power plants are a major source, are well-recognized. Meanwhile, asthma, caused and exacerbated by air pollution, affects nearly 100,000 Wisconsin children under age 18; is far more common in southeastern Wisconsin; and is far more prevalent among blacks than whites. The problems are exacerbated by the fact that Milwaukee has been designated by the EPA as out of compliance with air quality standards."

"In contrast to the negative effects created by the Valley plant, WE Energies' coal-fired generating plant in Port Washington, a community with very few non-white residents, was razed and replaced with a cleaner, natural gas fueled plant. In Oak Creek, another overwhelmingly white community, four old coal generating units were retired, construction of the second of two new units with pollution controls is nearing completion, and four other old coal generating units are continuing in operation with installation of improved air emission controls," added Karyn Rotker, ACLU-WIF Senior Staff Attorney. "The different treatment given the Valley plant raises questions of compliance with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act and of federal environmental justice requirements. We urge the PSC to address them."

A copy of the comments filed by the groups is attached.